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أَقْسَامُ الْكَلِمَةِ : اِسْمٌ ، فِعْلٌ ، حَرْفٌ
Parts of Speech: Noun, Verb, Particle

❖ Speech is divided into three main parts:

- (1) Noun, (اِسْمٌ) in Arabic,
- (2) Verb (فِعْلٌ) in Arabic,
- (3) Particle (حَرْفٌ) in Arabic,

❖ The noun is any class or words denoting a thing, a person, a place or a quality, such as:

Mary	= مَرْيَمٌ	Adam	= آدَمٌ
a pen	= قَلَمٌ	a book	= كِتَابٌ
Baghdadnew	= بَغْدَادٌ	Iraq	= الْعِرَاقُ
new	= جَدِيدٌ	beautiful	= جَمِيلٌ

❖ The verb is any class of words denoting an action related to a specific time in the past, present or future or requesting an action (command verbs), such as:

she drank	= شَرَبَتْ	he ate	= أَكَلَ
she plays	= تَلَعَبُ	he writes	= يَكْتُبُ
he will go	= سَيَذْهَبُ	I will study	= سَأَدْرُسُ
Listen! (imperative)	= اِسْمَعْ!	Say! (imperative)	= قُلْ!

❖ The particle is usually a short, uninflected part of speech that does not convey an independent meaning in itself, but is used to show syntactical relationships with the two other parts of speech; such as the definite article, prepositions, conjunctions or interrogative particles:

in	= فِي	the	= ال
from	= مِنْ	to	= إِلَى
or	= أَوْ	and	= وَ
Where...?	= أَيْنَ ... ؟	How...?	= كَيْفَ ... ؟

❖ Additional New Vocabulary:

a house	بَيْتٌ	a father	أَبٌ
Who...? ؟... مَنْ		he laughed	ضَحِكَ
you	أَنْتَ	then	ثُمَّ
a lesson	دَرْسٌ	a boy	وَلَدٌ
easy	مَهْلٌ	a man	رَجُلٌ
a desk	مَكْتَبٌ	on	عَلَى
he jumped	قَفَزَ	a pupil	تَلْمِيذٌ
What...? ؟... مَا		a friend	صَدِيقٌ
this	هَذَا	he	هُوَ
dear	عَزِيزٌ	did you know	عَرَفْتَ

❖ Examples of Full Meaningful Sentences Containing the Three Different Parts of Speech:

- He is a dear father. = ١- هُوَ أَبٌ عَزِيزٌ .
- This is a new book. = ٢- هَذَا كِتَابٌ جَدِيدٌ .
- Where is Baghdad? = ٣- أَيْنَ بَغْدَادُ ؟
- Baghdad is in Iraq. = ٤- بَغْدَادُ فِي الْعِرَاقِ .
- Who is this man? = ٥- مَنْ هَذَا الرَّجُلُ ؟
- The pupil laughed. = ٦- ضَحِكَ التَّلْمِيذُ .
- The house is beautiful. = ٧- الْبَيْتُ جَمِيلٌ .
- How are you ? = ٨- كَيْفَ أَنْتَ ؟
- The book is on the desk. = ٩- الْكِتَابُ عَلَى الْمَكْتَبِ .
- He ate then he drank. = ١٠- أَكَلَ ثُمَّ شَرِبَ .
- Where is the man from? = ١١- مِنْ أَيْنَ الرَّجُلُ ؟

* * *



تَذَكَّرْ - تَذَكَّرِي! / Remember!

1. The parts of speech are three: Noun, Verb, and Particle.
2. Pronouns and adjectives fall under the category of nouns.
3. Particles do not denote a thing, a person, a place, or a quality.
2. Like English too, Arabic nouns are divided into: Masculine (مذكر) and Feminine (مؤنث).

❖ Examples of Full Meaningful Sentences Containing the Three Different Parts of Speech:

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